What are the results of your efforts to prevent CAUTI? Collect outcome data monthly to find out!

**Resident Days**
- Every day a resident (with or without a catheter) is in your facility = one resident day.
- Collect at the same time, each day of the month.

**Catheter Days**
Every day a resident has an indwelling urinary catheter = one catheter day.
- Catheter needs to stay in place (i.e., not an in and out catheterization)
- Catheter is through the urethra (i.e., not suprapubic or urostomies)
- Collect at the same time each day of the month

**Number of Urine Cultures**
This includes urine cultures collected for every resident (i.e., with or without catheters) each month.

**Number of CAUTIs**
- CAUTI is counted on the first day that the cluster of signs and symptoms, lab reports, and the presence of a catheter for more than 2 consecutive days are found together
- A CAUTI event might continue for days or even weeks, but it is counted only once, not each consecutive day
- Note that a resident may have multiple CAUTI events in one month

Example:
A facility has seven residents with indwelling urinary catheters for the month of June. During the midnight census the data to the right are collected:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resident</th>
<th>Days with Catheter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[(30 \times 3) + 10 + 12 + 7 + 4 = 123 \text{ catheter days}\]

**Remember: Data help you determine your progress!**

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